

ROYAUME DU MAROC  
LE PREMIER MINISTRE



## *INTERNET MARKET IN MOROCCO*

### *Quarterly Observatory\** *March 2007*

- This document is to be considered for information purposes only.

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## Introduction

### I. Various types of Internet access

The various offers of Internet access can be classified in two types: broadband and narrowband access. These offers are subscribed by the end-user according to his needs and according to the required comfort of connection. Thus, the main narrowband offers include the Dial Up access with and without subscription and the "Flat rate" access, whereas the broadband offers include access via "Internet Leased Lines" and 'ADSL' access.

The principle of these various offers can be specified as follows:

#### Narrowband Internet

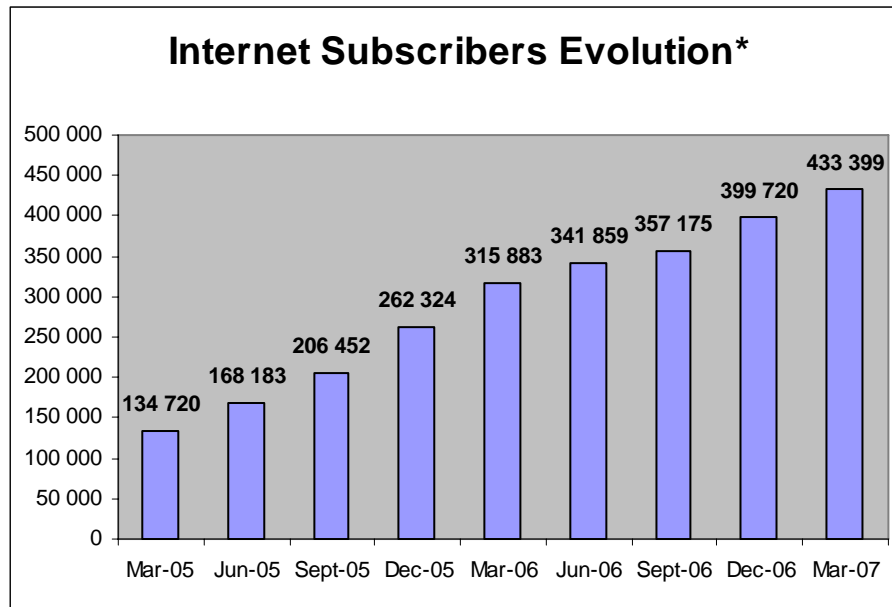
- **The Traditional Dial Up Access to the Internet** : it allows any user having a telephone line and a computer equipped with a modem to connect to the Internet by contracting as a preliminary a monthly subscription within an Internet Service Provider. This offer allows the subscriber to access to the Internet according to his specific needs and to pay the time of connection according to telephone tariff into force.
- **Dial Up Internet Access without subscription** : it allows any user having a telephone line and a computer equipped with a modem to connect to the Internet without a contractual engagement nor subscription charges. This offer allows the subscriber to access to the Internet according to his specific needs and to pay only the time of connection according to a special Internet tariff.
- **The "Flat rate" offers:** They include the payment of a monthly fixed amount which includes "the Internet subscription and the communications". The durations included in the "Flat rate" vary following the Internet Service Provider. This offer makes it possible to the subscribers to control their Internet use.

#### Broadband Internet

- **Broadband access via ADSL:** it allows the end-user to make a high speed connection (128, 256, 512, 1024 kbit/s, 2 Mbit/s, 4 Mbit/s, 8 Mbit/s, 20 Mbit/s), without worrying nor about the time of connection nor about the volume of exchanged data.
- **The Internet access via Leased Lines:** It is an offer of Internet access with a fixed speed according to different levels  $n \times 64 \text{ kbit/s}$ .

## II. State of the global market at March 2007

At the end of March 2007, the data transmitted by the ISP's (Internet Service Providers) give the following evolutions of the number of the Internet subscribers.



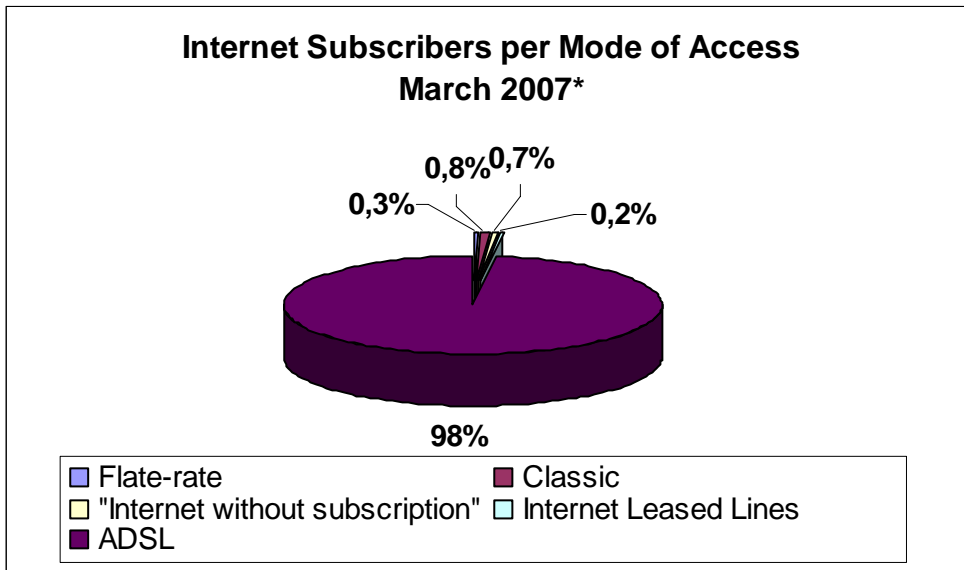
\* The number of ADSL subscribers was calculated by adding up The ISP's ADSL subscribers

We can note that the number of users of 'Internet without subscription' access is included in the total number of subscribers starting from December 2004, according to the definition adopted in the decision of the General Director N° ANRT/DG/N01/05 of March 9, 2005. Thus, the total number of Internet access in December 2004 specified in the chart above was updated.

It should be noted also that starting from April 2005, the total number of ADSL subscribers is calculated by summing up the number of ADSL subscribers of the various Internet Service Providers.

Internet market is always in clear progression recording a total increase of **8.4%** during the last three months, of **37.2%** between March 2006 and March 2007 and of almost **221.7%** since March 2005.

The distribution of subscribers by access mode is as follows, with a more and more important share for the broadband ADSL accesses (**98%**).



\* The number of ADSL subscribers was calculated by adding up The ISP's ADSL subscribers

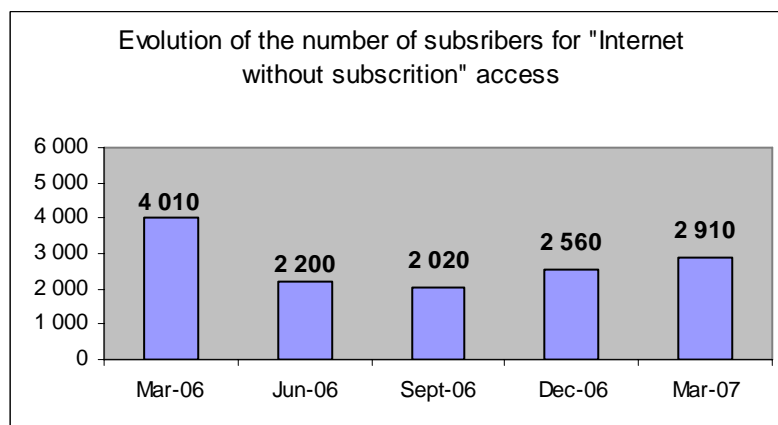
## State of the narrowband market

### I. Evolution of the total number of narrowband subscribers

The number of the narrowband subscribers, by including the users of "Internet access without subscription" option moved from 12 376 in March 2006 to **7 663** in March 2007, making state of a **drop of 38.1%**.

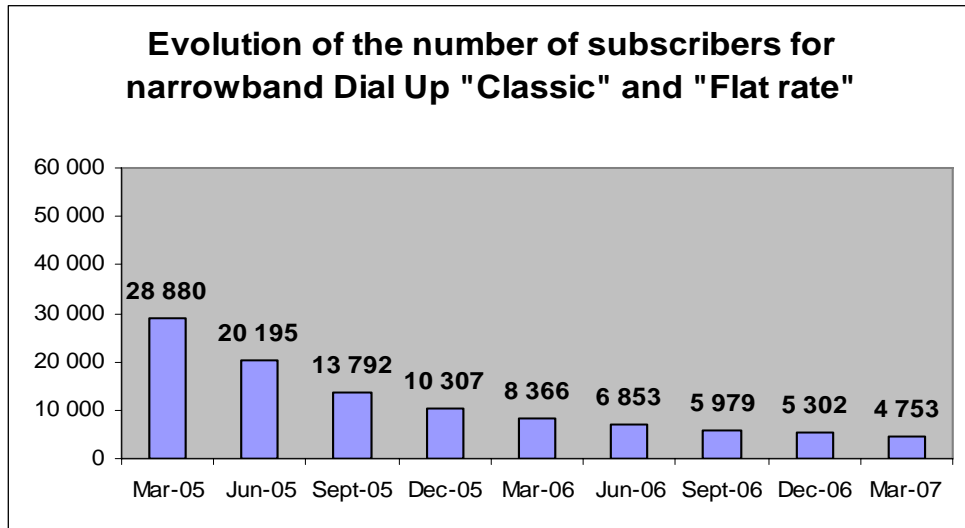
### II. Evolution of the number of subscribers using 'Internet without subscription' access

ANRT's Decision "ANRT/DG/N01/05" of March 2005 describes a subscriber as: "a user of "the Internet access without subscription" option having used this access mode at least once during the last three months". The graph below shows the evolution of the number of subscribers estimated since March 2006 according to this definition.

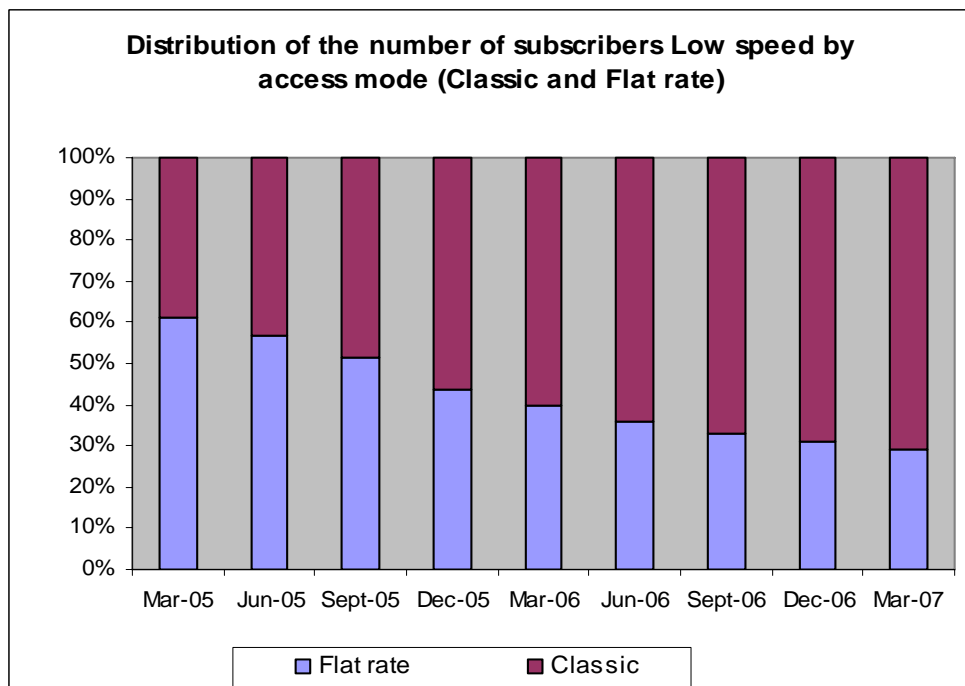


### III Evolution and distribution of the number of subscribers for narrowband Dial Up ' Classic' and ' Flat rate'

The data received from ISP's as of March 2007 shows a decrease in the number of subscribers ' Classic subscriptions ' and ' Flat rate ' access options. Since March 2006, the number of subscribers is decreasing from 8 366 subscribers to **4 753 (a retreat of approximately 43.2%)**.



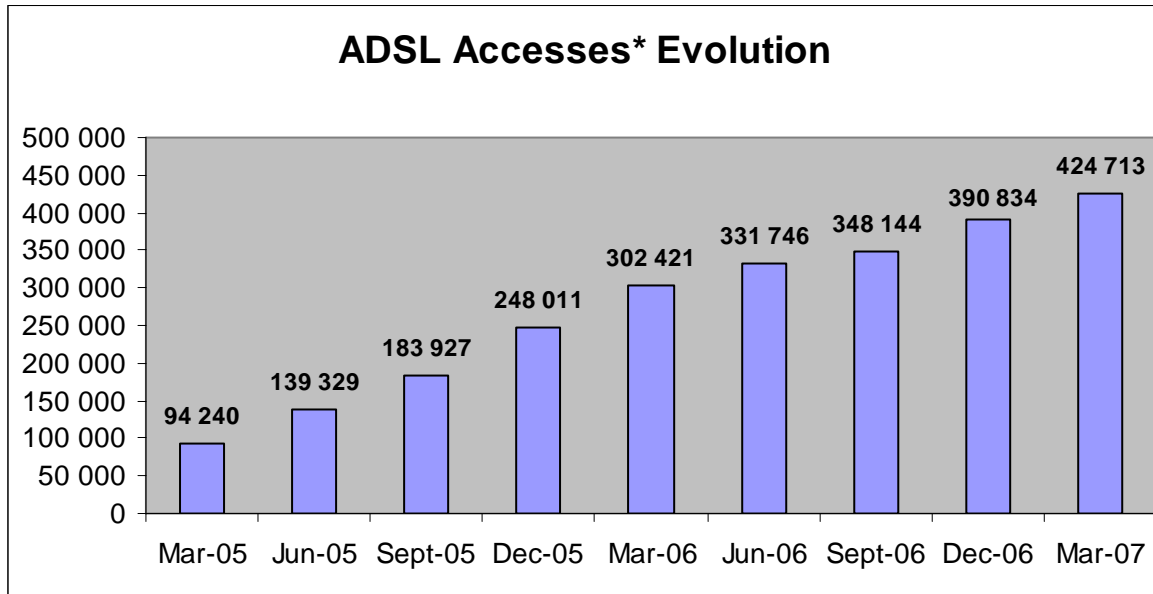
Relative shares of the Flat rate and the classic accesses are illustrated in the following graph:



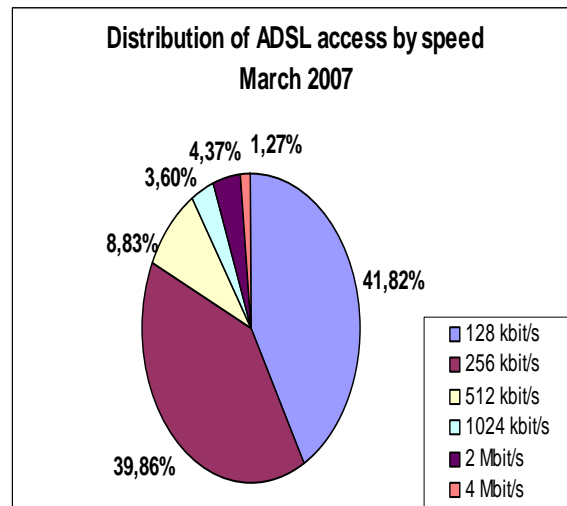
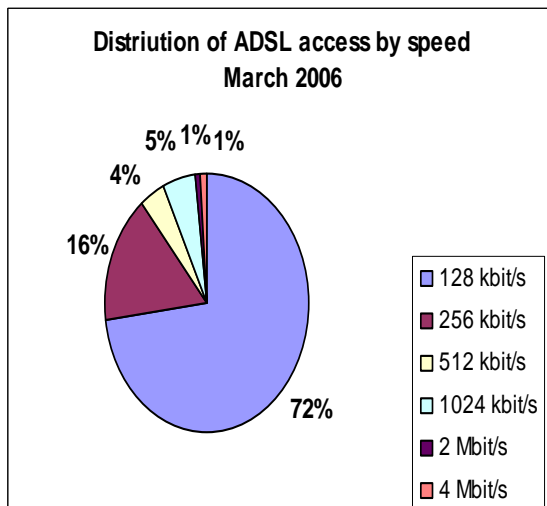
## State of the broadband market

### Evolution of ADSL subscribers

The number of ADSL<sup>1</sup> subscribers is in continuous evolution with a **growth of almost 40.4%** since March 2006 and **350.7%** since March 2005.



\* For June 2005, the total ADSL subscribers was calculated by adding up the ADSL subscribers of the ISP's



<sup>1</sup> Since April 2005, the total ADSL subscribers is calculated by adding up the ADSL subscribers of the ISP's.

## II Evolution of the number of subscribers for Internet Leased Lines

The estimated number of Internet access via Leased Lines (LL) stagnates. This tendency could be explained by a substitution effect of LL access to the ADSL access.

